

SALALM Newsletter



Publication of the Seminar on the Acquisition of Latin American Library Materials

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SALALM SECRETARIAT
BENSON LATIN AMERICAN COLLECTION
THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT AUSTIN
AUSTIN, TEXAS 78712 U.S.A.

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The SALALM Newsletter is published quarterly in September, December, March and June. All contributions and correspondence should be directed to the Editor, Barbara J. Robinson, University of California, Riverside, The General Library, P.O. Box 5900, Riverside, CA. 92507. All photographs should be submitted in black and white and approved format for submission of any type of bibliography including bibliographies appended to articles is Kate L. Turabian, A Manual for Writers of Term Papers, Theses and Dissertations. Fourth edition. 1973.

The SALALM Newsletter is distributed to personal and institutional members of SALALM. Others may subscribe separately for \$5.00 annually. For information regarding subscriptions or membership in SALALM, please contact: Anne H. Jordan, Executive Secretary, SALALM Secretariat, Benson Latin American Collection, The University of Texas at Austin, Austin, TX. 78712. Telephone: (512) 471-5056

Message from the President

Second in importance only to the annual Seminar, the SALALM Midwinter meeting provides an opportunity for committees to carry on their work and for the Executive Board to discuss and take action on both programs and organizational matters. This year we gathered in Chicago on January 20 and 21, immediately preceding the ALA Midwinter meeting. It seemed appropriate that after our final session, many of us crossed Chicago's Loop to participate in an homenaje for Marietta Daniels Shepard, the first Executive Secretary of the Seminar, to whom we owe so much. (An account of these festivities appears on another page.)

The agenda for the Executive Board included not only reports from many committees, but discussion of future meetings (1979 in Georgia and 1980 in New Mexico, with a Latin American site likely for 1981), of the publication of the Final Report and Working Papers from SALALM XX (Bogotá, 1975) and XXI (Bloomington, 1976), and of plans for this year's Seminar. I reported to the Board that we continue to move forward, working with our British colleagues, to what I hope will be an excellent conference in London. Although no one from the British Steering Committee was able to come to Chicago, we did have short reports on certain aspects of its work. We are all learning that arranging a meeting across the Atlantic--while challenging--requires special efforts and a great deal of communication; there is a constant stream of letters going from Austin to London and vice versa. (We are naturally trying to avoid, as much as possible, the extra expense of cables and telephone calls.) Fortunately we have not yet had any major crises. The program will remain in the form you have already seen, and we think that the Wednesday sessions at Oxford University will provide a pleasant change in setting from the three previous days in London.

Elsewhere in this issue you will find some suggestions under the heading "If You're Going to London ...". While this information may come as no surprise to those who know Britain well, we thought that others might welcome a little practical advice to make their trip easier and more pleasant.

Incidentally, if you are interested in lowest cost air transportation, you might keep in contact with your travel agent. Latest word is that the American and British governments may reach agreement soon on extending the standby and budget fares from the New York/London run to other U.S. gateway cities.

I hope you are looking forward to our London meeting!

-- William V. Jackson
President

News from the Secretariat

Membership News

The response to requests for late 77/78 membership dues has been very good. If you have not yet renewed, please send your check to the Secretariat.

Midwinter Meeting

SALALM Midwinter Meeting preceded ALA in Chicago, on January 20th and 21st. Although many members had difficulty in traveling to Chicago, those who were successful participated in an important decision, which should speed up future publication of SALALM's Final Report and Working Papers, and make it possible to issue more titles in the Bibliography Series. The Executive Board approved a proposal to revise the format of the Final Report and Working Papers so that future volumes will include only material of enduring value to librarians and other Latin Americanists: the special reports, the reports of workshops, roundtables, and the actual papers presented during the Seminars. The records of the business meetings will be supplied as usual to appropriate committee members and will be available from the Secretariat to interested persons on payment of copying costs plus a small handling charge.

The Executive Board also voted to hold Midwinter 1979 at the University of Texas at Austin.

Publications

New Writers of Latin America, the papers of SALALM XX, 1975, Bogotá, Colombia, is being printed and will be distributed soon to conference participants and 74/75 members. This publication will be followed shortly by the papers of SALALM XXI, 1976, Bloomington, Indiana: Twenty Years of Latin American Librarianship. These volumes may also be purchased through National Educational Laboratory Publishing Co., P.O. Box 1003, Austin, TX. 78767, or the Secretariat.

SALALM XXIII - Exhibits

Exhibits for the July conference at the Institute of Latin American Studies, University of London, are being coordinated by Julia Garland. Please address any queries to her c/o SALALM Book Exhibits, Institute of Latin American Studies, 31 Tavistock Square, London WC1H 9HA, ENGLAND.

Committee Report

Report of SALALM Subcommittee on Cost Statistics for
Latin American Publications

Robert C. Sullivan
Chief, Order Division
Library of Congress

The following summary sheet shows the average costs for current Latin American books purchased during FY 1977 by eight selected U.S. libraries. The total pieces reported as purchased were approximately the same as for FY 1976 (31,111 vs. 31,033). For the larger countries, receipts from Argentina, Bolivia, Ecuador and Peru increased, Brazil was the same and Chile, Colombia, Mexico, Uruguay and Venezuela declined. The most significant price increases noted were for Brazil (14%), Chile (26.4%), Colombia (21.7%), Paraguay (15.7%), Uruguay (55.9%), and Venezuela (13.9%). LC enlarged its definition of "current" to include imprints of the present and four previous calendar years rather than the present and one previous calendar year.

The statistics were again tabulated by Ms. Sylvia Csiffary, and, for the third year in a row, reports were received from the same eight libraries. Thanks to all of you for your fine cooperation in reporting your statistics. The statistics have been forwarded for publication in the Bowker Annual for 1978.

Number of Copies and Average Cost of Latin American Books
Purchased by Eight Selected U. S. Libraries in Fiscal Year 1977⁽¹⁾

Chart I
2/1/78

	Number of Books	Average Cost	Percent Increase/Decrease over 1976
1) Argentina	8,615	\$6.45*	+10.3
2) Bolivia	1,071	6.30*	- 7.2
3) Brazil	8,115	7.43	+14.0
4) Chile	1,348	8.14*	+26.4
5) Colombia	2,338	6.51*	+21.7
6) Costa Rica	56	4.10	-48.4
7) Cuba	--	--	--
8) Dom. Republic	232	7.33	+35.5
9) Ecuador	366	4.96	+18.9
10) Guatemala	54	7.28	+16.9
11) Guyana	48	7.45	+69.3
12) Haiti	66	5.74	+26.7
13) Honduras	262	5.37	- 4.3
14) Jamaica	37	8.06	+54.1
15) Mexico	2,932	4.42	- 4.7
16) Nicaragua	20	6.93	+ 0.3
17) Panama	142	4.10	+ 2.8
18) Paraguay	328	6.78	+15.7
19) Peru	2,338	5.23	-18.3
20) Puerto Rico	139	5.75	+ 5.5
21) El Salvador	69	4.58	+ 1.6
22) Trinidad	10	7.40	+68.9
23) Uruguay	991	7.14*	+55.9
24) Venezuela	1,534	7.47	+13.9

(1) Compiled by Robert C. Sullivan, Seminar on the Acquisition of Latin American Library Materials (SALALM), Subcommittee on Cost Statistics, from reports on the number and cost of current monographs purchased by the libraries of Cornell University, University of Florida, University of Illinois, Library of Congress, University of Minnesota, New York Public Library, University of Texas and University of Wisconsin. A full explanation of the methodology employed is contained in the SALALM XXI Working Paper No. A-4 dated May 1977.

* Includes some binding costs.

TREASURER'S REPORT

1976-77

Cash balance August 31, 1976 \$ 4,632^a

Receipts

Dues 76/77	\$ 7179
Dues 77/78	80
Interest	286 ^b
22nd annual meeting, Gainesville	4141 ^b
Publications	3094 ^c
Miscellaneous	308
Grants	<u>5000</u>
TOTAL	\$ 20,088
Total to be accounted for	24,720

Disbursements

Secretariat	\$ 3933
Supplies and freight	\$ 550
Postage	786
Telephone	341 ^d
Printing and duplicating	1558
Travel	698
Publications (FRWP 21)	0
22nd annual meeting, Gainesville	2955 ^e
1977 midwinter meeting	93
Services	135
Miscellaneous	145
Moving secretariat	725
Advertising	44
IFLA dues	100
Oral history (Tinker funds)	<u>264</u>
TOTAL	\$ 8,394
Cash balance August 31, 1977	<u>16,326^f</u>
Total accounted for	\$ 24,720

- a. August 31, 1976 Secretariat's balance erroneously reported as \$957.18. Should have been \$927.18. which when added to the amount in the Treasury (\$3704.87) gives a total of \$4632.05
- b. Includes \$608.00 for social events and \$295.00 from exhibitors
- c. Includes bulk sale of \$1783.00
- d. Excludes cost of service 2/1/76-8/31/77 which had not been billed as of 8/31
- e. Includes \$619.00 for social events
- f. \$ 186 undeposited checks
15,439 Treasury (\$5000 is Tinker Grant for 23rd SALALM)
701 Secretariat
\$16,326

Personalities in the News

Peter T. Johnson will be moving to Princeton University, Princeton, New Jersey, in mid-June as the Bibliographer for Latin America, Spain, and Portugal.

Richard Puhek, formerly Serials Cataloger of Latin American materials at the University of Texas, Austin, is now the Acquisitions Librarian, Economic Growth Collection, Yale University, New Haven, Connecticut.

Barbara Robinson has been appointed Acting Head of Collection Development as of March 1, 1978, due to the retirement of the Collection Development Officer, Robert Lang. She will continue her duties as Chief Bibliographer for the Social Sciences and Latin American specialist in the Library at the University of California, Riverside.

Frederick Fisher, currently employed as a librarian and Latin American specialist in acquisitions and cataloging at the University of Florida, Gainesville, is actively seeking a new position involving Latin American materials. He also reports that his new address is 103 S.W. 12th St., No. 2, Gainesville, Florida 32601.

Peter de la Garza, since 1976 Technical Officer of the Processing Department, has been named Coordinator of a pilot project being initiated at the Library of Congress to study, assess and try to improve LC's coverage of Hispanic library materials. Mr. de la Garza, from 1960 to 1968, was Head of Acquisitions at the Columbus Memorial Library of the OAS, and served as SALALM's Rapporteur-General from 1963 to 1968. With Marietta Daniels Shepard and Donald F. Wisdom, he was one of the three signers of SALALM's Articles of Incorporation in 1967.

Louella V. Wetherbee has accepted a position at Amigos Bibliographic Network as Head of User Services. On return from an extended field trip to Costa Rica and Colombia, she will begin to concentrate on aspects of library service in North America.

Anne H. Jordan, Executive Secretary of SALALM, is now assigned full-time to the Benson Latin American Collection, where she will also work on special projects relating to Latin American acquisitions as well as public services assignments.

Marietta Daniels Shepard, after more than 35 years of dedication to the development of libraries, library services, bibliography, documentation, and many other activities related to librarianship in Latin America and the Caribbean, will retire in June, 1978 from her post as Chief of Libraries and Archives Development Program at the Organization of American States. On January 21, 1978, a special testimonial dinner was held in her honor during the Midwinter Meeting of SALALM and ALA in Chicago.

Eleanor Mitchell and Paxton Price presented a program in tribute to Marietta Shepard, consisting of brief reminiscences on her life and work by her friends, delivered in person or recorded on tape, alternating with a visual presentation of photographs taken during her childhood, schooling, travels and professional and home life. In conclusion, two bound volumes of letters attesting to the admiration and gratitude of her friends and colleagues were given to Mrs. Shepard.

New SALALM Members PERSONAL MEMBERS

Jose A. Clark
2950 Oleta Lane
Highland, California 92346

Deyanira de Córdoba
Universidad Nacional
Apartado 86
Heredia, Costa Rica

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P.O. Box 1155
Santa Monica, California 90466

Thomas Labruna
8 W. Paseo Redondo (7C)
Tucson, Arizona 85705

Kristen Lochrie
7227 Westerly Lane
McLean, Virginia 22101

Cavan M. McCarthy
Biblioteconomia/CCSA
Universidade Fed. da Paraíba
Cidade Universitaria
58000 João Pessoa, PB, BRAZIL

Thomas H. Marshall
850 1/2 N. Palm Ave. Apt. 202
Los Angeles, California 90069

Elaine N. Miller
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Northampton, MA. 01063

Yoshiko M. de Freundorfer
Escuela de Bibliotecología
Universidad Nal. de Asunción
C.C. No. 741

Asunción, PARAGUAY - S.A.

Félix Luis Ortiz
Humacao 39 - Villa Avila
Guaynabo, Puerto Rico 00657

Eudoxio B. Paredes-Ruiz
30 Dunning Cresc.
Saskatoon, Sask. CANADA S7J 2S5

Pergamon Press Inc.
Maxwell House Fairview Park
Elmsford, N.Y. 10523

Richard J. Ricard Jr.
738 9th St. S.E.
Washington D.C. 20003

Antonio Rodríguez-Buckingham
Div. of Library/Information Serv.
St. John's University
Grand Central & Utopia Pkways
Jamaica, New York 11439

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Inter-American University of P.R.
GPO Box 3255
San Juan, Puerto Rico 00936

INSTITUTIONAL MEMBERS

Biblioteca "Ernesto Peltzer"
Banco Central de Venezuela
Esq. Sta. Capilla
Caracas, Venezuela

Accessions Department
British Library Lending Div.
Boston Spa, Wetherby
Yorkshire LS23 7BQ
ENGLAND

El Colegio de México
Apartado Postal 20-671
México 20, D.F.

University of Illinois/Chicago Circle
P.O. Box 8198
Chicago, Illinois 60680

Université de Montreal
Bibl. Periodique
C.P. 6128
Montreal, 101, P. Qué
CANADA

Serials Department
University of No. Carolina at Chapel Hill
Wilson Library O24 A
Chapel Hill, N.C. 27514

Library - Periodicals
Pan American University
Edinburg, Texas 76539

Serials Section - Acquisition Dept.
Tulane University Library
New Orleans, Louisiana 70118

IF YOU ARE GOING TO LONDON . . .

by William V. Jackson

The following potpourri, while not going quite from A to Z, offers some practical tips (as they say about stock market tips, not guaranteed!) for an easier trip to and more pleasant stay in London. We hope you find answers to some of the questions you may have. Cheers!

Airport: London's Heathrow airport (airport code LHR) is a large and busy terminal, resembling Chicago's O'Hare or New York's JFK (it has several terminals, like JFK). Few porters are present to aid with your baggage, so be prepared to carry it (or bring a collapsible baggage cart). Grocery carts are supposed to be available but try to find one free when you want it!

Airport transportation: Ground transportation runs from airport to downtown terminals and v.v. Price is moderate (about £1), but then you will need a taxi to hotel or your final destination. The Piccadilly Line of the London subway now reaches Heathrow, but you will need to decide whether this is too complicated to use with luggage.

American Embassy: Our Embassy is located at Grosvenor Square (subway stop at Bond St., several blocks away). USIS operates a Reference Library there. Our Ambassador is Kingman Brewster, former President of Yale University; our Cultural Affairs Officer (USIS) is Irving Sabloski.

Baggage allowance: To Britain the allowance by air is the same as within the U.S.: two pieces checked with limits by size, not weight. (If you are going on to other cities in Europe, please note that the piece concept does not apply for intra-European flights and hence you will be charged for excess weight.)

Banks: Britain has branch banks, although the financial center of London is near famous Threadneedle St., where some major New York and Chicago banks have offices. However, there is a branch of Barclay's Banks between the Russell Square subway station and the hotel. It is very easy to exchange traveler's cheques for pounds; there is a service charge, however.

Breakfast: Continental breakfast (included in price of room) arrives via room service at the Royal National Hotel. However, you must order it the night before with the hall porter, specifying the time you want it brought. Last summer's service was excellent--within 10 minutes of the time requested.

Coat: Be sure to bring along a rain coat; even if the meetings are across the street from the Royal National Hotel and a couple of blocks from the John Adams, you may need the coat for going elsewhere in London.

Costs: London is a fairly expensive city, but cheaper than Paris and Brussels. The U.S. government allows per diem of \$58, in comparison with \$70 for Paris and \$60 for Brussels (and \$39 in Mexico City, \$63 in Rio, if you want Latin American comparisons). (Under current tax laws, the \$58 is the maximum deduction while attending foreign conventions).

Credit Cards: Major American credit cards (American Express, Diners, VISA and Mastercharge) are accepted for many purchases and services, but always ask beforehand if you are short on cash. (Charges often do not appear on your bill for a month or two.)

Drugs: Many standard American brands (Colgate, Faberge, etc.) of toiletries and drugs are available in drug and department stores. If you need special drugs, bring along a full supply and have your doctor give you another prescription for safety's sake.

Electricity: Rooms at the Royal National Hotel have both 110 and 220 current (flick the switch) and outlets which accept American as well as British style plugs.

Hotel rooms: Rooms at the Royal National Hotel are moderate in size and have the usual amenities (radio, not TV).

Immigration and Customs: They tend to be less formal than in U.S., but lines still form at Heathrow Airport, especially when several 747's have just arrived.

Letters: Do not have important mail sent to you in London without instructing the writer to send a copy to your permanent U.S. address. Of course always use air mail. Vagaries of international air mail (sometimes slow, sometimes fast from U.S. to Europe and v.v.) and of sorting and delivery within hotels mean that items which should reach you sometimes do not. Do not have your mail addressed to SALALM or to the University of London. Similarly it is wise not to trust important letters to bell-boys or messengers to post. Sometimes they are not mailed at all; other times they are dropped in the mail slot without the postage you have paid for and arrive "postage due."

Map: The London Transport issues a convenient pocket-size map of the tourist's London, also containing some general information (available free, in English, Spanish and several other languages).

Money: Change some money into pounds before leaving; you will need this at the airport, for ground transportation, etc. Many U.S. banks sell pre-packaged amounts of British currency (\$10 per packet). Remember that dealers, banks, hotels, etc. either deduct a service charge or give you less than the official exchange for your dollars--this is especially true in the shops around Piccadilly which are, however, open weekends. Please bring most of your money in the form of traveler's cheques, not cash. The British pound, despite its ups and downs, is still a major currency; do not expect that you can use dollars "everywhere." On March 13, 1978 the pound was worth approximately US\$1.91 vs. US\$1.71 a year earlier.

Passport: You need a passport, but no visa for Britain. Be careful with your passport, as it is complicated and bothersome to have to replace a lost one.

Post Office: Branch post office near the Bloomsbury Shopping Centre. Air letter sheets (10 1/2 pence -- about US\$.20) are the cheapest way to write home. England has switched to weighing letters by grams (not ounces), so a long letter can easily come to US\$.50.

Safety: London seems to be a very safe city, at least in areas frequented by tourists. However, much activity stops around midnight and there are fewer people on the streets except in areas like Piccadilly.

Shopping Centre: Across the street from the Russell Square subway station is the Bloomsbury Shopping Centre (about 20-30 units, etc.) with stores (drug, grocery, etc.) and a number of "fast food" restaurants.

Sightseeing: There are many sightseeing tours in and around London. The London Underground offers a very reasonably priced tour on double-decker buses (excellent for taking pictures), starting in Piccadilly.

Subway: London Transport runs the buses and subway (Underground). Go-As-You-Please tickets are available for unlimited travel on buses and subways and are issued for either 4 or 7 days. However, during the SALALM meeting you will probably not use the subway enough to justify the cost of this kind of ticket, but it is an excellent buy if you plan to do sightseeing and shopping with various destinations before or after SALALM. (London subway fares vary with the distance to the destination.) The station closest to the SALALM meeting is Russell Square (third stop from Piccadilly, on the Piccadilly Line), about 2 short blocks from the Royal National Hotel. The subway does not run all night--last trains are about midnight (earlier on Sunday). If you go to the theatre and have supper afterward, you will miss the subway and need to take a taxi. Although rates increase late at night, taxis are available from downtown points.

Telephone: Trans-Atlantic service is excellent--usually no delays. Don't forget about the time differential, or you will be waking family or friends in the middle of the night (and they will do the same). Calls are cheapest at night and on Sundays (about U.S. \$4.00 for a 3 minute station call). Remember that some hotels add a large surcharge to your bill, although "Ma Bell" has worked with many foreign hotels to reduce the amounts from exorbitant to "reasonable"; you can avoid this by using your Bell system credit card or going to the Post Office to call (no surcharge).

Theatre tickets: London has many theatres, concentrated in Piccadilly and nearby areas. Tickets (prices somewhat lower than New York) can generally be purchased at the box office for performances within the next few days; even hits are not sold out months in advance. Agencies will also obtain tickets; there is one near the Bloomsbury Shopping Centre.

MORE TO DO ABOUT LONDON

by Howard Karno

SALAIM has enrolled relatively few Arab princes or Texas millionaires, but members should enjoy the forthcoming London meeting, especially those of us who are no longer youthful Spartans but middle-level hedonists. It is for the latter category that the following information is submitted.

Assuming that you have chosen a reasonably safe and economical charter flight from among the multitude of acronyms there remains the problem of clothing. Since it is said that every day in London encompasses all of the seasons, a raincoat and a wool sweater are musts. Evening wear is usable, but casual clothing is acceptable everywhere except at the opera or at a royal function. Even ties are seldom necessary, however they do keep the throat warm and help prevent a chill on the liver.

If you were not lucky enough to book rooms at the hotels near the conference site there are a number of delightful ones in the West End. Mention should be made of Duke's and the Stafford near St. James Place, and the Basil St. Hotel in Knightsbridge.

Once settled, one faces the problem of eating. If you prefer the traditional English fare such as roast beef, Yorkshire pudding, steak and kidney pie, Cornish pastry, shepherd's pie, Dover sole or the omnipresent fish and chips, a number of eateries will suffice. The difficulties arise when you seek the more exotic English and continental fare such as is served at Wilton's, which has one Michelin star and prices to match. The truly good English restaurants are expensive so those with limited means should concentrate on the ethnic eateries. Marvelous Italian, Oriental, Indian, Pakistani, Near Eastern and Mediterranean restaurants abound. Reservations are usually a good idea and necessary on weekend nights. The VAT or value-added tax is included in all bills and often a 10 or 15% service charge. It is customary to leave an additional tip if well served.

Don't miss the afternoon or high tea. Try the Dorchester or Savoy Hotels. It is a ritual that involves three courses. First comes little triangular sandwiches of cucumber, ham, tomato, or cheese. Next come scones (biscuits) or crumpets (muffins) and lastly there are the biscuits (cookies) all accompanied by steaming tea. Remember to put the milk into the cup before pouring the tea. Also tea is almost always drunk between meals not with them. Coffee is the breakfast and after dinner drink.

London is a great city to walk in. There are 32 boroughs each with its own distinctive history and atmosphere. Also, there are some 80 parks. Where to start? Well, try Trafalgar Square. From there you can easily walk north to the theatre district, and west to Soho (ethnic restaurants) and Buckingham Palace. To the east of Trafalgar Square there is the Covent Garden Opera House, the financial center, Old Bailey, St. Paul's Cathedral, and finally the Tower of London. Don't miss London's many museums and art galleries. They are among the best. Besides the awesome British Museum there is the National Gallery, the Victoria and Albert, the Tate, Madame Tussaud's, the Wallace Collection, Sir John Soane's, the Imperial War Museum, and on and on. Most of them do not charge an entrance fee. A small point to remember is that if you should bump into a strolling Englishman or woman don't say "excuse me" but say "sorry" as the former is the phrase for attracting attention.

If walking is not for you try the organized tours that leave from a variety of central locations almost hourly. Buses, tour boats, taxis, and the subway (the tube) should get you where you wish to go. Special bus and subway rates are available. The London transport 7-day pass will save you travel money.

The theatre, music, and ballet in London are arguably second to none. Consult your daily newspaper or magazines such as: What's on in London or Time Out. Remember most theatrical functions start at 7 p.m. Ticket agencies charge a twenty percent markup. Discos and clubs abound in the West End especially in Chelsea or Hampstead. And of course public houses or pubs are everywhere. Try Shephards Market. Most are divided into sections with separate entrances for different sorts of clients. The public bar with its darts players is noisier and cheaper than the more sedate saloon bar. Bitters, stout, and lager are three popular types of beer. Whiskey means scotch. Ice can be a problem in the smaller out-of-the-way places.

For many, shopping is reason enough to visit London. You'll be delighted with the soft-sell approach. Most stores are open at 9 a.m. and close at 5:30 p.m. except for Saturdays when they close in the early afternoon. In some areas stores are open till 7 p.m. on certain weekdays. Harrods in Knightsbridge and Fortnum and Mason in Piccadilly are quite expensive but not to be missed. Marks and Spencer is a chain of good quality and low prices. Don't miss King's Road on Saturday afternoon or Kensington High Street for the latest in fashions. Book lovers will haunt Charing Cross Road and, for the antique hunters, there is the New Caledonian Antique Market on Friday mornings, the Portobello Road on Saturdays and Petticoat Lane Market on Sundays.

Useful guides to London are Egon Ronay's Lucas Guide, Penguin's London Shopping Guide, the Blue Guide and two popular pocket sized books, Nicholson's and Michelin's. Local hotel clerks and bobbies are good for advice; what they cannot provide the British Tourist Authority can (phone 629-9191). Buen viaje!

Bookdealer/Publisher News

BRITISH BOOKSELLERS OF LATIN AMERICAN MATERIALS

Compiled by Alicia V. Tjarks
University of New Mexico

The Dolphin Book Co.
Llangranog - Llandysul
Dyfed SA44 6 BA

Susil Gupta. 152 Queens Road,
Buckhurst Hill, Essex

Grant and Cutler
11 Buckingham Street,
Strand, London WC2N 6DQ
Phone: 01-839-3136

W. Forster
83a Stamford Hill, London, N. 16
Phone: 01-800-3919

New Beacon Books
95 Hornsey Lane, London N. 6
Phone: 01-348-3405

E. J. Brill
41 Museum Street
London WCL1 1LX
Phone: 01-405-5482

Latin American Books
10 Low Ousegate, York
Phone: (0904) 20593

W. Heffer & Sons
20 Trinity Street
Cambridge, CB2 3NG
Phone: (0223) 58351

David Wise
115 Mawson Road
Cambridge, CBI 2DZ

Blackwell's
Broad Street
Oxford, OX1 3BQ

W. Creen
42 St. Catherine's Drive
Douglas
Isle of Man

Gordon and Breach,
41/42 William IV Street
London WC2N 4DF

Foster-Cherrington,
39 Clarence Gate Gardens,
Glentworth Street,
London NW1 6BA

All of the above dealers will display books at the SALALM conference in London.

DEALERS REPORTING NEW ADDRESSES

Susan Bach
Rua Martins Ferreira, 32
Rio de Janeiro ZC-02
Brasil

Librería del Plata
Sarmiento 1674 - 4^o piso L
1042 Buenos Aires
Argentina

Howard Karno Books
P.O. Box 1813
Santa Monica, CA. 90406
U.S.A.

HOWARD KARNO BOOKS

Howard Karno, a SALALM member formerly with Libros Latinos, has established a new dealership called Howard Karno Books. He specializes in both current and out of print Latin Americana. Search lists are requested. Howard will be traveling throughout Latin America in April gathering material and he plans to attend the SALALM conference in London during mid-July. For information and copies of his catalogs write to: Howard Karno Books, P.O. Box 1813, Santa Monica, CA. 90406. Telephone: 556-0693.

NEW HEADQUARTERS FOR BOOKS FROM LATIN AMERICA

Don Enrique Grunhut, President, Books from Latin America, announces the following changes in organization of services:

1. Main headquarters established at C.C. No. 11, Suc. 28, 1428, Buenos Aires, Argentina. They will be prepared to receive all correspondence, purchase orders, information requests and the like. Other branches in Montevideo and Kentucky will remain for supply of local goods and information.

2. A special division will be devoted to out of print and older books.
2. A new section will provide any needed information on social, economic, commercial, or political aspects of Uruguay and Argentina.

For copies of their catalogs write to their main headquarters in Buenos Aires.

CHILEAN BOOK PRODUCTION

The most recent issue of El Libro Español carries an article on the book production in Chile entitled "Chile: Baja Producción Editorial," by the Director de la Cámara Chilena del Libro, Señor Pelayo Sala.

Periodical News

British Periodicals in Latin American Studies: A Selective List

Compiled by

Richard Puhek

Acquisitions Librarian, Economic Growth Collection
Yale University

Existing British periodicals dealing with research on Latin America offer interested librarians both published research appearing in substantial journals, and regular bibliographic control of new Latin Americana titles appearing in annual or more frequent listings. In addition, the scope of various "current-awareness" newsletters clearly exemplifies the British interest in contemporary economic and political affairs of Latin America as noted by Elisabeth Long, Institute of Latin American Studies, during the XXIII SALALM, Gainesville.

- 1) British union catalogue of Latin Americana: new Latin American titles.
v. 1- Oct. 1968-
London, University of London, Institute of Latin American Studies.

Presently edited by Brigid M. Harrington with the assistance of Elisabeth M. Long and Gillian E. Shaw, this catalogue is published three times a year and includes brief bibliographic description of new publications about Latin America as well as older publications newly-reported to the Institute of Latin American Studies. Arranged by discipline (including a section on "Bibliography and Reference") the catalogue includes a special issue (Supplement 1, 1970) entitled: "Latin American periodicals: a union list of the holdings of the libraries of six British universities".

- 2) Journal of Latin American studies. v. 1- May 1969-
London, Cambridge University Press.

Published twice a year "under the academic sponsorship of the Centres or Institutes of Latin American Studies at the Universities of Cambridge, Glasgow, Liverpool, London and Oxford" this journal concentrates chiefly on the social science disciplines relating to the study of Latin America. While linguistic and literary studies are excluded, a very substantial section on "book reviews" accompanies each issue.

Subscriptions: Institutional: U.S.\$26.00 per volume
Individual: U.S.\$16.50 per volume

Address: Cambridge University Press (U.S.A. and Canada): 32 East 57th St.
Bentley House New York, N.Y.
200 Euston Road 10022
London, NW 1 2DB

- 3) Latin America commodities report. v. 0- Dec. 3, 1976-
London, Latin American Newsletters.
(weekly) (see 5) below.)
- 4) Latin America economic report. v. 1- Oct. 5, 1973-
London, Latin American Newsletters.
(weekly) (see 5) below.)

- 5) Latin America political report. v. 1- April 28, 1967-
London, Latin American Newsletters.
(weekly)
[Title varies: v. 1-10, 1967-1976, Latin America]

Published by Latin American Newsletters Ltd., the above three newsletters can be obtained by writing to the publisher at: 90-93 Cowcross Street, London EC1M 6BL, England.

Airmail subscription rates: any one; U.S.\$100.00; any two; U.S.\$180.00, all three; U.S.\$250.00.

In addition, Latin America quarterly index (no. 1, Jan. 1977-), a combined author/subject index to all three newsletters, is sent free of charge to all subscribers to any one of the publications.

- 6) Latin American studies in the universities of the United Kingdom. no. 1- 1966/67-
London, University of London, Institute of Latin American Studies.
(annual)

Chiefly a list of teachers and guide to British university curricula and degree programs in Latin American studies.

- 7) Latin American studies in the universities of the United Kingdom: staff research in progress or recently completed in the humanities and the social sciences. no. 1- 1968/69-
(annual)

Arranged by discipline, citations include author, title, publication format (e.g., article, occasional paper, monograph) of research, date of publication (or expected date) and publisher where known. Brief annotations accompany some citations, with an author index appearing in each issue.

- 8) QER; quarterly economic reviews (country series).
London, London Economist Intelligence Unit.

Through individual country (or region) reports issued quarterly, this series now provides current information on all of Latin and Central America, the West Indies, and the Netherlands Antilles region (including Surinam). A recent addition to the series is a quarterly report on "Oil in Latin America and the Caribbean."

Subscription inquiries for reports of the series should be addressed to: The Economist Intelligence Unit, Spencer House, 27 St. James Place, London, SW1, England.

- 9) Theses in Latin American studies at British universities in progress and completed. no. 1- 1966/67-
London, University of London, Institute of Latin American Studies.
(annual)

A list of theses "completed and in progress in each academic year compiled from information provided by the correspondents of the Institute of Latin American Studies in the universities of the United Kingdom", this publication includes the approved title or field of study, the name of the supervisor(s), the university, the expected date of completion, and the degree sought or awarded. Arranged by institution, this annual publication also includes an author index. This list, as well as the Institute's other publications listed above, can be obtained by writing to: Assistant Secretary, Institute of Latin American Studies, 31 Tavistock Square, London, WCLH 9HA.

Significant Acquisitions

MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY LIBRARY

The MSU Library has recently acquired a copy of Luna de enfrente to add to the holdings of other works by the Argentine author, Jorge Luis Borges, in their Special Collections. This work, published in 1925, was Borges' second. The Borges' collection at Michigan contains most of the first editions of Borges' works dating back to 1923.

JAMES FORD BELL LIBRARY

The James Ford Bell Library of the University of Minnesota, Minneapolis, recently acquired a marvelous selection of early works relating to their special collection of materials on European economic expansion prior to 1800.

Most of the new collection is comprised of titles published in the 16th, 17th, and 18th centuries. A few of the titles are listed as follows:

- Briviesca de Munatones, Diego. Parecer acerca de la perpetuidad de las encomiendas de Indios del reyno del Piru. [n.p., ca. 1619.]
- Casas, Bartolomé de las, bishop of Chiapa. La liberta pretesa dal supplice schiavo Indiano. Venice, Marco Ginammi, 1640.
- Casas, Bartolomé de las, bishop of Chiapa. Il supplice schiavo Indiano di Monsig. reverendiss. D. Bartolomeo dalle Case ... Venice, Ginammi, 1657.
- Davila Padilla, Augustin, archbishop of Santo Domingo. Historia de la fundación y discurso de la provincia, de Santiago de México, de la orden de Predicadores por las vidas de sus varones insignes y casos notables de Nueva España ... Brussels, Juan de Meerbeque, 1625.
- Jesuits. Letters from missions. Drey neue Relationes. Erste, auss Japon ... Andere, von Missionibus order Reisen ... im Jahr 1607 in das Königreich Mexico angestellt. Dritte, von Anbleiben dess mächtigen Königs Mogor ... Augsburg, Chrysostomo Dabertzhofer, 1611.
- Palou, Francisco. Relación histórica de la vida y apostólicas tareas del venerable padre fray Junípero Serra, y de las misiones que fundó en la California Septentrional, y nuevos establecimientos de Monterey ... México, Don Felipe de Zúñiga y Ontiveros, 1787.
- Portugal. Laws, statutes, etc., 1495-1521 (Manuel I). O primeiro-[quinto] livro das ordenações. [Lisbon, Manuel Joam, 1565.]
- Spain. Sovereigns, etc., 1700-1746 (Philip V). Decreto de la Magestad del rey catholico Phelipe V. Sobre varias acusaciones dadas en su Real Consejo de Yndias contra los Jesuítas del Paraguay ... Naples, 1744.
- Torquemada, Juan de. Primera [segunda, tercera] parte de los veinte i un libros rituales i monarchia Indiana, con el origen y guerras, de los Indios Occidentales ... Madrid, Nicolás Rodríguez Franco, 1723.
- Zárate, Augustín de. Histoire de la découverte et de la conquête du Pérou. Paris, Michel Clousier, 1706.

Institutional News

OAS ISSUES FIRST RECORD ALBUM

As a part of their new music program at the OAS, they have issued the first of a series of record albums for music-lovers of the Americas. This first album is entitled Latin American Art Songs: Nostalgia and Fantasy. It was recorded by the distinguished Colombian soprano Carmiña Gallo, accompanied at the piano by Jaime León. The impressive list of songs includes works by Hector Villa-Lobos, Jaime León, Mozart Camargo-Guarnieri, Salvador Ley, and Andrés Sas among others.

Future albums will feature the Brazilian Symphony Orchestra, the Maracaibo Symphony Orchestra, and Panama's foremost duo pianists, Jaime and Nelly Ingram.

Profits from the sales will help support the work of the Pan American Development Foundation and the production of new records.

For delivery in the U.S., records or cassettes may be ordered from the Program Director, Pan American Development Foundation, 1625 I Street, N.W., Suite 622, Washington, D.C. 20006. A check for \$5.00 per recording, payable to the Pan American Development Foundation should be enclosed with the order. In Latin America, recordings may be ordered through the OAS regional offices.

UNIVERSIDAD NACIONAL AUTÓNOMA, MEXICO

El Ing. Aurelio Pérez Guinjoan del Centro de Información Científica y Humanística de UNAM anuncia la publicación de su índice analítico CLASE - Citas latinoamericanas en Sociología y Economía. Según la introducción, esta obra analiza la contribución de 20 revistas latinoamericanas de sociología y economía. Incluye también tablas de contenido, índices de palabras clave, de citas, de autores y de instituciones. La obra representa uno de los resultados derivado del banco de datos automatizado que el C.I.C.H. implanta con el material analizado.

Si están interesados en obtener la suscripción de CLASE su precio para universidades es de 50 U.S. Dlls. y de 100 U.S. Dlls. para otras instituciones. Escriben al Centro de Información Científica y Humanística, Ciudad Universitaria, Apartado Postal 70-392 México 20, D.F.

Informational Notes

NEW SOCIETY FOR CARIBBEAN STUDIES IN BRITAIN

To encourage education and research about the Caribbean and to foster mutual understanding between people of Caribbean background and others in Britain, a Society for Caribbean Studies was organised at the end of March, 1977. Some seventy British and West Indian social scientists, historians, linguists, journalists, teachers, and community relations and social welfare workers, together with a handful of other Europeans, attended a three-day conference in York. They heard and discussed a dozen papers ranging in locale from Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands to Carriacou and Surinam, and in subject matter from Zion Revivalism in Jamaica to tourism in Antigua and comparative Caribbean politics; and they also participated in a forum on second-generation West Indian problems in Britain.

Conferees also approved a constitution and elected officers for the new organisation, and enjoyed an ecumenically West Indian rum punch. In addition to regular annual meetings, for which papers and symposia will be invited, the Society is scheduling special conferences on the teaching of Caribbean studies in British Schools, and on race and the media, and plans to produce a regular newsletter. Those interested should write to the Secretary, Dr. Colin Clarke, Centre for Latin American Studies, University of Liverpool.

INTERNATIONAL GRADUATE SUMMER SCHOOL IN LIBRARIANSHIP AND INFORMATION SCIENCE

The College of Librarianship Wales and the University of Pittsburgh Graduate School of Library and Information Sciences are sponsoring the International Graduate Summer School in Librarianship and Information Science for 1978 in Aberystwyth, Wales, Great Britain. It will be held from July 3rd - August 26th. Special arrangements have been made so that IGSS participants will also be able to attend SALALM XXIII in London, July 16th-21st, 1978.

Courses for IGSS 1978 include: Five Centuries of the Book in Europe, Information Systems in the Social Sciences, International Aspects of Children's Literature, History of Libraries, and others.

Further information on IGSS 1978 may be obtained from the Director of IGSS, Frank Hogg, College of Librarianship Wales, Aberystwyth, Dyfed SY23 3AS, Wales, Great Britain.

DIRECTOR OF IBERO-AMERICAN INSTITUTE IN BERLIN VISITS UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS

Dr. Wilhelm Stegmann, Director of the Ibero-American Institute of Berlin, visited the University of Texas at Austin in February. He had the opportunity to visit the Institute of Latin American Studies, the Nettie Lee Benson Latin American Collection, and to spend some time with SALALM's President, William V. Jackson. Dr. Stegmann will be a speaker at SALALM XXIII in London.

PORTUGUESE POET AT LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

Alberto de Lacerda, a leading Portuguese poet and critic, read from his work on November 28th, 1977 at the Library of Congress. The program was sponsored by the Latin American, Portuguese and Spanish Division. Lacerda is author of four books: Seventy Seven Poems, translated by A. Waley (1955); Exilio (1963); Palacio: poemas (1961) and Selected Poems (1969). He is considered one of the most important European poets today.

ACURIL ANNOUNCES CARINDEX

CARINDEX: Social Sciences provides subject and author access to selected Caribbean periodicals and newspapers in the Social Sciences. The subject headings are based on the Library of Congress headings. The index is a cooperative effort of ACURIL members, with financial support from ACURIL.

For inquiries and orders write to Miss S. Evelyn, CARINDEX, c/o University of the West Indies Library, St. Augustine, Trinidad. Regular issues will be published in March and September. The cost of a subscription is \$25.00 a year.

ST. CROIX LIBRARY ASSOCIATION

The St. Croix Library Association, the only professional library association actively serving the U.S. Virgin Islands, wishes to alert you to the St. Croix Library Association Newsletter and Publications Series. The Newsletter is available to non-association members for \$3.00 per year for six issues. The Association is also interested in exchange agreements with other publishers of library information. Currently they are exchanging newsletters with SALALM.

For information on their publications write to the St. Croix Library Association, Box 6760, Sunny Isles, St. Croix, U.S. Virgin Islands 00850.

BIBLIOGRAPHIC INSTRUCTION MATERIALS

Peter T. Johnson reports that he has the following materials that he is willing to share with others interested in Latin American Bibliographic instruction:

- Middle American and Mexican Archaeology. 7 pages.
- Selected Sources for the Study of Latin American Film. 6 pages.
- Bibliographic Guide for Research in Middle American Geography. 9 pages.
- Colombian Urban Studies Sources Guide. 8 pages.

Other Latin American Library specialists interested in contributing information on bibliographic instruction, please contact the editor of the Newsletter.

BIBLIOGRAPHIC GUIDE FROM TEXAS

University of Texas at Austin is planning to produce an annual Bibliographic Guide to Latin America using MARC tapes and the Benson Collection's OCLC records. The guide will serve as a continuation of the Catalog of the Benson Latin American Collection.

NEW PUBLICATIONS IN LATIN AMERICAN STUDIES

From G.K. Hall:

University of Miami, Coral Gables, Florida. Catalog of the Cuban and Caribbean Library. Boston, G. K. Hall, 1977.

Kendall, Aubyn. The Art and Archaeology of Pre-Columbian Middle America: An Annotated Bibliography of Works in English. Boston, G. K. Hall, 1977.

From University of Arizona Press:

Campos, Anthony John. Translator and Editor. Mexican Folk Tales. Tucson, University of Arizona Press, 1977.

From Ohio University Press:

Ohio University Press announces a new publication series on Latin America. The first three volumes of the series are:

Frei M., Eduardo. The Mandate of History and Chile's Future.

Irish, Donald P. Multinational Corporations in Latin America: Private Rights and Public Responsibilities.

Molineu, Harold. Multinational Corporations and Investment in Latin America: A Selected Bibliography.

EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES

Serials Cataloger for Latin American materials. Benson Latin American Collection is seeking a Serials Cataloger. Application deadline is no earlier than March 15, 1978. Send letter of application and resume including academic credentials and names of three references to Keith W. Russell, PCL 3.200, General Libraries, the University of Texas at Austin, Austin, Texas. 78712.

Professors of Library Science. Expanding library school in North-East Brazil wishes to offer Masters level course and will shortly require teachers for most professional areas. Candidates should combine some or all of the following: teaching experience, Ph. D., experience in and commitment to developing countries, Portuguese or Spanish, public or childrens' library background. Competitive salary, return air fares. Resumes by air mail to:

Universidade Federal da Paraíba
Reitoria
Att. Dr. Lynaldo Cavalcanti de Albuquerque
Campus Universitário
58.000 João Pessoa - Paraíba - Brazil

SALALM GAINESVILLE MEETING

A report of the SALALM Gainesville meeting appears in the Library of Congress Information Bulletin of September 2, 1977. Also of current interest is the report of the ACURIL Curaçao meetings in the Dec. 16 Library of Congress Information Bulletin, which is attached.

Personal and Professional News
for the SALALM Newsletter

Name: _____

Date: _____

Institution: _____

Personal News: (new positions, change of address, research, publications, honors, awards, travels, etc.)

Bookdealer/Publisher News:

Significant Acquisitions:

Institutional News:

Other Professional notes, queries and items of interest:

Please return this form, with any necessary and appropriate attachments, when submitting information for the SALALM Newsletter. Send to Barbara Robinson, Editor, SALALM Newsletter, Collection Development Department, General Library, University of California at Riverside, Riverside, CA. 92507.

APPENDIX

A REPORT ON THE NINTH ANNUAL MEETING OF THE ASSOCIATION OF CARIBBEAN UNIVERSITY, RESEARCH, AND INSTITUTIONAL LIBRARIES Willemstad, Curacao, Netherlands Antilles, November 6-12, 1977

The Association of Caribbean University, Research, and Institutional Libraries held its ninth annual meeting (ACURIL IX) jointly with the Caribbean Archives Association (CAA) at the Curaçao Holiday Inn in Willemstad, Curaçao, Netherlands Antilles. The two organizations held separate business meetings but met together for formal and program sessions and for a series of evening social events. Maritza F. Eustatia, Wetenschappelijke Bibliotheek and president of the Curaçao Archief Bibliotheek en Documentatie Vereniging (CABIDOV), presided over the opening ceremony. She thanked her colleagues and the officials and organizations whose support had made the conference possible and cited the benefits the meeting should bring to librarians and archivists. Rose Marie de Paula, Openbare Bibliotheek, described new quarters planned for the public library and its services to children and schools, now expanding through a series of branches. She emphasized the special responsibilities of librarians in developing areas. Alexander F. Paula, Centraal Historisch Archief, hailed the opportunities for professional enrichment afforded through the exchange of views and experiences. He cited the role of librarians and archivists in the development and preservation of knowledge and their related responsibilities as custodians, managers, and distributors of information. Speaking in English, French, and Spanish, S. G. M. Rozendal, Prime Minister of the Netherlands Antilles, voiced his deep concern for libraries and archives, calling them capital investments that paid high dividends. He expressed pleasure that the Netherlands Antilles had been chosen as the site for this joint meeting. He suggested that the conference find ways to achieve closer cooperation between librarians and archivists and to develop collections of oral history which would aid in the preservation of ideas and unifying historical heritage. He then declared the sessions open.

Gail Saunders, Archives of Bahamas and president of CAA, expressed the association's gratitude to the officials and Government of Curaçao and the Netherlands Antilles and to the International Council on Archives, which had supported attendance at this meeting. She pointed out that Caribbean archivists

frequently find it easier to communicate with colleagues in Europe and North America than with their closer Caribbean counterparts. CAA members were pleased to have the opportunity to hold this interim meeting, well in advance of the third conference of Caribbean archivists, to be held in September 1979 in the Bahamas. The joint meeting would strengthen the association's ability to achieve its objectives of promoting the preservation of archives, the exchange of information on archives, and the establishment of a Caribbean center for archival training.

Kenneth E. Ingram, University of the West Indies, Jamaica, speaking as president of ACURIL, added his thanks to those who had invited ACURIL to meet in Curaçao for the second time in two years. He thanked the speaker for thoughtful remarks which had literally "stolen the thunder" of portions of the formal program to come. He considered the joint meeting a historic regional event. An invocation by the Bishop of Willemstad, Msgr. W. M. Ellis, ended the opening ceremonies. A champagne reception followed, giving participants a chance to greet old friends and make new acquaintances.

The first administrative session of ACURIL began with the president's report and the introduction of Albertina Jefferson, University of the West Indies, Jamaica, and of Yvonne V. Stephenson, University of Guyana, who have served as secretary and treasurer, respectively, during this year. Mr. Ingram described a busy term that emphasized the need for a permanent secretariat. A Committee on Planning and Research has been created, along with a separate Public Relations Committee, to be chaired by Maria Elena Arguello, Universidad Interamericana, Puerto Rico. Relations with other organizations, including SALALM (Seminar on the Acquisition of Latin American Library Materials), required the attention of the president and Executive Council. Consultants to the Publications Committee have been named and criteria developed for institutional membership in ACURIL. Among these consultants are William J. Cameron, University of Western Ontario; Lambros Comitas, Columbia University; David Jackson McWilliams, Casa del Libro, Puerto Rico; Jaap van Soest,

Bank of the Netherlands Antilles; Irene Zimmerman; and Carlos Victor Penna. Acknowledgment was made to UNESCO for \$1,000 for publication of ACURIL VIII proceedings and to the Organization of American States for a grant of \$1,400 used to cover program expenses for ACURIL IX. The treasurer's report showed 104 institutions, 3 associates, and 43 members representing 21 countries. Several libraries were dropped from membership because of non-payment of dues. A moment of silence was observed in memory of Albertina Pérez de Rosa, a founder, past president, and former chairman of the Publications Committee, who died September 1. A large group of ACURIL members attended a special mass for her later in the week.

Daphne Harper, Central Bank of Trinidad and Tobago, requested a list of committees and their memberships; lists were made available later in the week. Alan Moss, University of the West Indies, Barbados, asked whether the proposed staffing requirements for institutional membership were not too stringent. Mrs. Harper, Mrs. Cardona, and Alma Jordan, University of the West Indies, St. Augustine, defended the requirement as a means of raising standards. It was suggested that personal membership requirements, presently contingent upon institutional affiliation, should be considered further by the Executive Council. Archie McNeal, University of Miami, expressed the general consensus that present members should not be disqualified by a stringent application of membership requirements.

At the second administrative session, the president of SALALM, William V. Jackson, University of Texas, received a special welcome. He brought greetings from SALALM and invited participation in SALALM XXIII, to be held in London, July 16-21, 1978, on the theme of Latin American Studies in Europe. He looked forward to close ACURIL-SALALM cooperation and congratulated Alma Jordan upon her election as SALALM vice president and president-elect.

Vice President Gustave Harrer, University of Florida, chairman of the Committee on Constitution and Bylaws, presented a report, approved by the Executive Council, and moved that the name of ACURIL be changed to Association of Caribbean University, Research, and Institutional Libraries (formerly Association of Caribbean University and Research Libraries) to describe a broader range of membership. The motion was carried and the constitutional change approved.

Michael Gill, University of the West Indies, Barba-

dos, announced that the Committee on Planning and Research, which he chairs, would hold its first meeting during the conference. Standing committees met during the final sessions of the day. An outdoor evening reception, given by the local government, featured a colorful presentation of local dances and rhythmic songs.

The first joint program session was held on Tuesday, with Maria Elena de Cardona presiding and Arnold Conquet, Openbare Bibliotheek, as rapporteur. Albertina Jefferson, basing her report on partial returns to her inquiries, identified the principal collections of Caribbean regional library resources. They are concentrated in the more developed regions of the Caribbean and include materials in English, Spanish, and French and tend to reflect the local language. The University of Florida Library covers all countries of the Caribbean and the Gulf of Mexico, in addition to Latin America. The social sciences predominate in the collection of over 120,000 monographs and serials, government documents, and maps. It subscribes to 25 Caribbean newspapers and its Rochambeau manuscripts relate to the Haitian War of Independence. The Library's catalog has been published by G. K. Hall. In Jamaica, the West India Reference Library of the Institute of Jamaica has important newspaper holdings, maps, plantation and estate plans, and other manuscripts, and is currently microfilming some of its newspapers. The University of the West Indies, Jamaica, has a broader coverage of the English-speaking Caribbean. Manuscripts of Wilson Harris and other literary figures, archival material on microfilm, and a special collection of university publications are among its special strengths. The Institute of Social and Economic Research has a collection of material on political, economic, and social change as well as manuscript and archival material. In the U.S. Virgin Islands, the Enid Baa Library in St. Thomas has a special Caribbean collection, with an emphasis on publications of the Virgin Islands, including Dutch creole and Danish materials. The College of the Virgin Islands collects material from the English-speaking islands; there is a collection of prints and photographs in the Public Library of the British Virgin Islands. The Public Library of Dominica holds material on local history and on the Caribs. In Barbados, the University of the West Indies at Cave Hill and the Public Library are legal depositories, and have collections of regional literature emphasizing Barbados. The Public Library contains archival and miscellaneous manuscripts while the Library of the Barbados Museum and Historical Society has col-

lected maps, diaries, letterbooks, local genealogical materials, and a collection of colored prints. The Caribbean Development Bank and the Central Bank of Barbados have material on Colombia and Venezuela as well as Barbados. The University of the West Indies at St. Augustine, Trinidad, holds material on the former Confederation of the West Indies and materials, including newspapers, monographs, and documents, on Trinidad and Tobago. Its catalog of the agriculture collection, based on the collections of the Imperial College of Tropical Agriculture, has been printed by G. K. Hall. The Library is also a legal depository. The West Indies collection of the Central Library of Trinidad and Tobago, another depository, should not be overlooked. The University of Guyana collects material from all of the Caribbean Islands, Belize, Surinam, and French Guiana. Through a National Commission, it is enlarging its collection of research material on Guyana, which already holds collections of early works, material on flora of the Caribbean, early imprints, and medical works. The Guyanan National Library collects English-language and local material. The CARICOM (Caribbean Community) Library concentrates on documents on Caribbean integration. In Curaçao the Openbare Bibliotheek (the Public Library) and the Wetenschappelijke Bibliotheek (Scientific Library) are the principal libraries. The Public Library issues a quarterly accessions list and collects maps and prints along with other materials in English and local languages. The Scientific Library collects scientific materials from all areas of the Caribbean and houses a union catalog of the Library collections of the Netherlands Antilles. Alma Jordan presented a paper on "Library Resources Sharing with Special Reference to Caribbeana," with primary attention to the English-speaking Caribbean, the Commonwealth territories, and the United States Virgin Islands. She reviewed ways in which cooperative acquisitions; national, regional, and special bibliographies, indexes, and accessions lists; interlibrary loans; and conferences have already contributed to resource sharing. After an analysis of library borrowing and lending of Caribbeana, she made recommendations for the future, beginning with formulation of acquisitions policy statements in terms of subject, form, and geographic coverage of material and method of acquisition. Critical assessment of holdings in the light of policy statements should follow collection development and should be coordinated within a national and regional context, in which responsibility for acquiring material is divided and assumed. Cataloging,

bibliographic networks, a considerable bank of data that could be formed by bringing together existing bibliographies, citations of journal articles, indexes, and notes on difficult reference questions should be developed and shared. She proposed the formation of an ACURIL Regional Committee on Library Resources and a research and publication program for regional guides and catalogs.

Additional information on Caribbean resources was reported. Mrs. Saunders mentioned the Nassau Public Library, established in 1847, and its Bahamiana, including the collection of former Chief Justice Harcourt Malcolm. Henry Chang, Virgin Islands Bureau of Libraries, Museums, and Archeological Services, gave information on the Williams Public Library of St. Croix. He reported on *Library Resources in the Virgin Islands of the U.S.*, a new publication available upon request from the Bureau. A library demonstration network, a union list of serials, and a union catalog of 16mm films are recent activities in the Virgin Islands. Bonnie Isman, Williams Public Library, reported further on the list of films in preparation; acquisitions and interlibrary loan policy statements have been formulated. Father W. M. Brada, Bibliothek Paters Dominicanen, described Dominican records. A fire destroyed some of these archives, increasing the need for copying records from the Vatican, Spain, the Netherlands, and Great Britain. He emphasized the importance of safeguarding public documents as part of a nation's patrimony. Daphne Harper mentioned a coin and paper money collection at the Central Bank of Trinidad and Tobago. Michael Gill mentioned that there was also a law library that had an important legal collection at the University of the West Indies, Barbados. The main library there is copying British Colonial Office records relating to the Bahamas and will expand its coverage to other islands. Hugh W. L. Payne, National Archives of Guyana, said that archivists should also take part in planning national information systems and projects for the repatriation of colonial records of imperial powers. He pointed out that local Caribbean archives contained much important material; local authorities should assume responsibility for its preservation. Hazel Bennett, University of West Indies, Jamaica, pointed out that the Documentation Center of the University's School of Education had a collection of material on West Indian education and had issued a bibliography on the subject which is available from Amy Robertson, School of Education UWI, Kingston 7, Jamaica. Pippa Fray, Commonwealth Library Association, referred to the notes on bibliographies in

that association's *Newsletter* and stated that copies of the Jamaican NATIS (National Information Systems) plan were available. J. Van Soest, Curaçao, alluded to the private collections held by individuals, churches, and business firms and asked for help in gaining access to such material. Mrs. Harper commented that public as well as private institutions could be reluctant to share collections and information. As a historian, Dr. Van Soest felt that librarians rather than historians should prepare guides to research materials. Maria Elena Arguello de Cardona mentioned that there are more than 50,000 items in the collections of the Caribbean Regional Library and the rare and specialized material held by the University of Puerto Rico and the Universidad Interamericana. She stated that the status of the Caribbean Regional Library was uncertain and felt that there was a possibility that the Regional Library might be transferred to an institution such as the University of Puerto Rico. John Aarons, Institute of Jamaica, reported that the West India Reference Library was continuing its indexing of the *Gleaner*. Yvonne Lawrence, Jamaica Supreme Court, stated that this library wished to exchange law reports; a new publication, *Jamaica Law Reports*, is now available for exchange. Dr. Jordan reiterated the need for concerted planning on resources by librarians and archivists and the obligation to be responsive to public demand for information. Maria Auxiliadora de Fraíno, Universidad de Carabobo, stated that the University's Faculty of Law was forming a Hemeroteca Jurídica, equipped with photoduplication facilities and the library also wished to establish exchanges with other libraries.

The Tuesday afternoon joint program session was presided over by President Saunders, CAA, with Christine Matthews, Bahamas Department of Archives, as rapporteur. Hugh W. L. Payne presented portions of a paper, distributed to all participants, by Clinton V. Black, Archives of Jamaica. Mr. Payne referred to Mr. Black's recognized leadership in Caribbean archives and voiced agreement with his paper on "Preserving Books and Records." Its warnings on the harmful effects of heat, light, humidity, insects, rodents, molds, and fungi underlined his contention that the best way to preserve archives was to create favorable storage conditions. Frazer G. Poole, Library of Congress, continued the session with a paper on the "Conservation of Library and Archives Materials," emphasizing the common sense measures within the power of enlightened librarians and archivists. Use of acid free containers and folders, protective boxes, storage conditions that avoided undue physical

strain and excessive changes in temperature and humidity, and cleaning and deacidification of leather bindings were among the measures advocated. Methods and equipment for measuring levels of acid, humidity, and temperature were explained through actual demonstrations or photographic slides, projected by Charles G. LaHood, Library of Congress. Mr. Poole distributed sets of Library of Congress Preservation Leaflets and invited participants to ask to be placed on the mailing list for future numbers. Helen Rowe, Archives of Bermuda, and Lucrecia Toledo, Universidad Central de Venezuela, asked about the use of the archivist's pen to measure levels of acid and the treatment of damaged leather. Mr. Poole preferred to use chemical testing paper and knew of no way to reclaim leather that has badly deteriorated. He demonstrated the cleaning and treatment of leather with a mixture of lanolin and neat's-foot oil. Kenneth Ingram asked about the technical training required for preservation work. A knowledge of chemistry is essential for work in conservation. Special training is available through the University of Delaware-Winterthur Museum Conservation Program, the Graduate Program of the New York State University at Cooperstown, N.Y., and the Conservation Center of the Fine Arts Institute, New York University. The Library of Congress Preservation Office trains many of its own personnel. Christine Matthews emphasized obtaining administrative support for preservation measures and referred to the competition between U.S. and European technology and equipment. Mr. Poole reported that acid-free papers and containers were available only in the United States and noted that he did not advocate the use of certain chemicals commonly used in Europe. Roman Pichardo Almonte, Universidad Católica Madre y Maestra, raised a question about control of the environment. Mr. Poole stated that even in the absence of air conditioning, buildings could be screened, electric fans and windows could be judiciously managed, and animals and insects controlled. Sealers can cut down on the damp-inducing capillary action in masonry walls and room air-conditioners placed in small rooms to protect rare materials. He demonstrated polyester film encapsulation, a measure he considers superior to lamination for archival preservation. Lamination involves temperature and chemical changes that can be injurious and may be an irreversible process. The protective qualities of polyester film and example of pages repaired by the leaf-casting methods were also demonstrated. An informal

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gathering at the Fort Nassau Restaurant, located in an old fort, ended the day.

On Wednesday morning a joint session was led by Henry Chang, with Johanna M. Cratz, Centraal Bureau Reg. en Archiefzaken, serving as rapporteur. Dr. Chang introduced Charles G. LaHood, Library of Congress, who opened his talk on "Photoduplication in the Service of Libraries with Particular Reference to Preservation," with the statement that if librarians could be considered the greatest enemies of library and archival materials, microphotographers could be said to run a close second. Microfilming could be done under two sets of circumstance, one in which the original material is to be preserved and a second in which the intellectual content is retained in microform and the original destroyed without loss of research values. He showed slides depicting equipment such as book-boxes or cradles and special camera prisms for holding or photographing material without subjecting it to harmful stress. It is important to have a staff committed to the safety of rare materials. Policy considerations may involve weighing damage caused by filming against that caused by repeated use of fragile originals. A master negative must be retained. He cited policy statements formulated by the Association of College and Research Libraries in the United States and the British Library Reference Division. He also cited the statement developed by the International Colloquium on the Conservation and Reproduction of Manuscripts and Antiquarian Printed Books held in Vatican City in 1975. Mr. LaHood replied to a query from Gail Saunders by stating that lower cost equipment could frequently be contrived and offered to supply photographs. William V. Jackson asked about the determining factors in a decision to retain an original work, a decision usually made by specialists. Mr. LaHood and Mr. Poole described the Library of Congress Brittle Books Program in which certain pictorial portions of an original work may be retained. In the case of prints and photographs, conventional photographs are used. Hazel Bennett asked when microfilming was used in lieu of other photoduplication. Microfilm is preferred, he answered, when several copies are made and when space is a prime consideration. Mr. LaHood advocated using 35mm film and cited special uses of microfiche for multiple copies. Daphne Ottley Harper mentioned statistical reports filed with the Central Bank of Trinidad and Tobago that were deteriorating and were prime candidates for microfilming, except for the fact that the courts do not accept microfilm as legal evidence. It was suggested that efforts be

made to modify the law. Information on sources of equipment was requested and Mr. LaHood indicated that there were sources for new and used equipment.

Reports on microfilming in countries of the Caribbean followed. Helen Rowe's account described the microfilming services of the Bermuda Archives to all units of the government. A newspaper project initiated by the Bermuda Public Library continues at the archive and parish records and books of wills are among the material filmed and copied on demand. She also outlined the equipment, staff, and storage arrangements (in a bank vault) at the Bermuda Archives.

John A. Aarons described projects in Jamaica. The West India Reference Library, the Jamaica Archives, and the University of the West Indies have microfilmed Jamaican newspapers, government records, and other source material on the former British territories of the Eastern Caribbean. The lack of training facilities for staff and the lack of equipment needed to make positive microfilms from the master negative have been among the technical problems faced in a situation where space limitation have been severe. A project whereby a commercial firm would take over the microfilming of newspapers that do not exist on microfilm and have a market value is planned at the West India Reference Library. Closer cooperation and pooling of equipment among the three agencies with microfilm programs may offer solutions to some of their common problems.

Maria Auxiliadora Fraino de Iribarren, Biblioteca Nacional, Venezuela, presented a paper on the "Microfilming of Bibliographic Documents in Venezuela" on behalf of Morris Matza of the Venezuelan Comision Nacional SINASBI (Sistema Nacional de Servicios de Bibliotecas e Informacion Humanistica, Cientifica y Tecnológica). Microfilm projects have been undertaken in order to preserve and protect original materials, to duplicate and distribute copies, and to solve space and storage problems. The three institutions that have been active in microfilming are the Archivo General de la Nacion, where series of historical archives of the colonial period have been filmed as the first part of a long-range project; the Centro de Estudios Latinoamericanos "Romulo Gallegos" where out of print monographs and runs of rare journals have been filmed; and the Instituto Autonomo Biblioteca Nacional y Servicios de Bibliotecas, which will film periodicals of the 19th century, materials lacking in the Biblioteca Nacional, and those found in the Archive Historico of the Biblioteca Nacional. The last agency is preparing to microfilm

the newspaper *El Universal* as part of an exchange project with the Library of Congress. A coordinated national program following high technical standards is being developed. Evert VanLaar, Algemeen Rijksarchief, reported on "Archives and Micrography in the Netherlands." Dutch archivists have used micrography to safeguard government records, to preserve official records, and to copy foreign archives. Both 16 and 35mm microfilm are used, with diazo copies preferred for reading copies. Both microfiche and microfilm are used. Extensive programs are now underway whereby Dutch records and those of present and former overseas territories are microfilmed and transferred. Cooperative training arrangements also are maintained. A paper by H. M. Pieters-Kwiers, Centraal Historisch Archief, covered "Microfilming at the Central Historical Archives of Curaçao" where the microfilm section serves all government departments. Vital statistics, correspondence files and journals, personnel, and other files have been filmed. Colonial archives taken from Curaçao to the Netherlands earlier in this century are scheduled for microfilming, beginning in October 1978, for return to the Netherlands Antilles.

Henry Chang described the development and present state of "Microfilming in the Virgin Islands," where a staff of seven working with a wide array of photographic equipment films government records including vital statistics, legislative and financial records, newspapers of the Virgin Islands, and Danish historical documents of the Virgin Islands. The laboratory also performs other photographic services. It was pointed out that only silver halide film (not diazo film) can produce film that meets archival standards.

Kenneth Ingram called a work by ACURIL member Mariano Morales-Lebron, *Diccionario juridico segun la jurisprudencia del Tribunal Supremo de Puerto Rico*, to the attention of the group.

At the afternoon session, Charles G. LaHood spoke on "Photoduplication in the Service of Disseminating Information." Kenneth Ingram presided and Albertina Jefferson served as rapporteur. Mr. LaHood began by explaining that preservation programs can develop into micropublication programs, when several microfilm copies are prepared and the cost of the master negative is shared by all who purchase positive films. A series of slides showed steps involved in preservation and other microfilming programs including collation and assembling of complete runs, preparation of bibliographic information, preparation and cutting of originals that are not to be retained, and the final checking of pagination against the film.

Storage cabinets, reading rooms, and equipment, actual and ideal, were also shown. Photocopying in lieu of lending has become a regular feature of interlibrary cooperation. The U.S. copyright law that becomes effective January 1 will bring some changes, particularly to libraries that are not open to the public and that cannot be considered not-for-profit. The new law contains a fair use provision, but warning notices will have to be posted at copying machines to meet copyright requirements.

Mr. LaHood believed that indexing and retrieval of information from microfilm files are still beyond the capacities of many libraries. Factors such as the size of the file, quality and form of the original, color and quality of ink, and the organization of the material determine the most appropriate types of indexing. Slides demonstrated flash target coding, odometer indexing, and sequential eye-visible frame numbers as suitable for indexing roll film. Other types of coding such as color coding can be used for microfiche and other unitized microforms. Forms of image count or "blip" coding and photo-optical coding were also shown. Heriberto Lopez, Colegio Universitario de Humacao, voiced his concern over the damage caused by photocopying machines. It was suggested that in some circumstances such damage is better than exposing material to theft or mutilation because photocopying is not permitted. Jeanette Allis, V.I. Bureau of Libraries, Museums, and Archaeological Services, asked about the comparative virtues of microfilm and microfiche. The latter is considered suitable for an edition of 25 to 50 copies, but it was pointed out that microfiche was more expensive and made camera errors more difficult to correct. A Curaçao dinner and musical accompaniment at a private club completed the day's program.

On Thursday morning participants formed groups organized by language and discussed the programs on resources, preservation, and microfilming. Edna Arrivillaga de Elzategui, Universidad Central de Venezuela, Maria Auxiliadora Fraïno de Iribarren, Helen Rowe, Hazel Bennett, and Blanca Hodge, Philipsburg Jubilee Library, St. Maarten, reported back to the joint session. General concern was voiced about special training for work in preservation and photoduplication, standards for storage and production of film, basic photographic equipment, the preparation of guides to resources, interlibrary cooperation and lending, and cooperation between librarians and archivists. Full support was given to Alma Jordan's earlier recommendations. Hazel Bennett urged the setting of priorities in developing

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collections, based upon existing regional library holdings. Combined buying missions and sharing of human resources through interchange of persons and cooperative microfilming projects were advocated. Joel Benjamin, University of Guyana, recommended a systematic and coordinated plan for sharing costs of copying material from the British Public Record Office and for acquiring other needed materials. The Dutch-speaking group urged the formulation of statutory bases and the exchange of information on acquisitions for librarians and archivists, passage of legal deposit laws, regional microfilming centers, formulation and dissemination of standards for the preservation of library and archival materials, and the formation of a group representing both ACURIL and CAA to work toward these goals. María Elena Arguello de Cardona pointed out that *Caribbean Bibliography*, issued by the Caribbean Regional Library, contained information on the locations of listed titles. Mr. LaHood suggested that the recommendation of the 1975 Vatican Conference on the copying of materials should be endorsed.

Dr. Harrer urged all voting delegates to attend the Friday morning business meeting and outlined the procedures covering elections and nominations. After an afternoon free for informal consultations, participants were treated to a wine and cheese party.

ACURIL delegates assembled for a report of the Nominating Committee, consisting of Gustave Harrer, chairman, Rafael Delgado, University of Puerto Rico, and Michael Gill. The following persons were nominated for Executive Council: Daphne Harper, University of the West Indies, Jamaica; Angela Margarida Ruiz de Nieves, Colegio Universitario de Humacao, and Maxine Willims, Central Bank of Barbados. Daphne Harper then nominated Yvonne Stephenson, Edna Arivillaga de Elcatzategui, and Mariano Morales-Lebron. Following a second to these nominations, the nominations were closed. Ana Olivia Marin Gomez, Allan Moss, and Maritza Eustatia were asked to serve as tellers. Dr. Harrer then named Maritza Eustatia, chairman, Alma Jordan, and Ana Olivia Marin Gomez to serve on the Nominating Committee for the coming year.

Reports of the standing committees were then presented. Neida Pagan, chairman, reported for the Publications Committee. It had met five times and published five issues of ACURIL's *Carta Informativa*. Proceedings of ACURIL III were still in press, but copies of the *Proceedings* of ACURIL IV, entitled *La Administracion de Personal Bibliotecario en el Caribe; Documentos Oficiales*, were available to members at

ACURIL IX. The *Proceedings* of ACURIL V and VI are ready for printing but are awaiting funding. Funds for the *Proceedings* of ACURIL VIII are available but some of the workshop papers are still lacking. The committee's recommendations were that the Executive Council should designate someone from each country to report news and contribute materials for inclusion in the *Carta Informativa*, that ACURIL and SALALM should share the information in their newsletters, that workshop and conference participants be required to turn in copies of their presentations promptly, and that organizing committees of each conference be made responsible for giving copies of all papers, in Spanish and English, to the Publications Committee.

Archie McNeal was named incoming chairman of the Constitution and Bylaws Committee. Arturo Fernández, University of Puerto Rico, was named chairman of the Education Committee, and Henry Chang was appointed chairman of the Microfilming Committee. For the committee, Dr. Chang reported that the committee had met twice during the conference and will prepare a survey of the Caribbean microfilm holdings. The conference theme had shown that a survey was needed and the committee requested \$200 to cover its costs. Alan Moss, chairman, reported for the Acquisitions Committee (English-speaking areas). Problems, now nearing solution and involving the handling of funds, had delayed distribution of publications under the ACURIL Cooperative Acquisitions Programme. ACURIL funds have been made available to cover starting costs and the committee hopes to be able to begin shipping titles. There was no report from the Bibliography Committee.

Shirley Evelyn reported for the Indexing Committee (English-speaking areas). Four issues of *Carindex* had been issued and Volume I, priced at \$25, is now available from Miss Evelyn, University of the West Indies, St. Augustine, Trinidad. Funds to support publication of *Carindex* were requested by the committee, which also suggested that outside funds be sought. Daphne Harper reported that the Personnel Committee had been unable to meet but would continue its work.

Michael Gill, chairman, reported for the Planning and Research Committee. This committee will survey library legislation, covering enabling legislation, legal deposit, and copyright laws. The Law Library of the University of the West Indies, Barbados, will work on copyright legislation, and Ana Olivia Marin Gomez will survey library legislation in the Spanish-speaking

countries (except Puerto Rico). Michael Gill will prepare a standard form for statistical reporting and circulate it to the membership. The committee feels that ACURIL should serve as a coordination center for the development of NATIS. The committee will also investigate the causes of ACURIL losses in membership and will try to maintain contact with defaulting libraries whose failure to renew membership is due to lack of funds. The committee believes that follow-up on conference resolutions should be left to the ACURIL secretariat. Maria Elena Arguello de Cardona, chairman of the Public Relations Committee, described plans to make ACURIL better known through professional literature and organizations and by maintaining contact with international governmental and professional bodies. Committee members had been named; one of their first tasks will be to try to secure better coverage of ACURIL activities in the library press.

ACURIL and CAA resolutions were presented at the final joint session. Michael Gill acknowledged the aid of Evert Harry Sedoc, Surinam Ministerie van Onderwijs en Volksontwikkeling, Christine Matthews, Maria Elena Arguello de Cardona, and Carla M. Lont in preparing the resolutions. The association recorded its profound regret at the passing of Albertina Pérez de Rosa, who had contributed greatly to ACURIL. Other resolutions seconded the formal recommendations of the Publications Committee and called for cooperation with SALALM. ACURIL and CAA made a joint resolution thanking their hosts and program participants. It was resolved that ACURIL should seek support from UNESCO or other appropriate bodies for the indexing of Caribbean social science journals. Another resolution acknowledged the contribution of former librarians of the Caribbean Regional Library and urged the Government of Puerto Rico to assume responsibility for the Library or to permit its transfer to any other regional government or organization willing and able to develop the services provided by the collection. A resolution relating to the use of the term, "librarian," in addressing librarians, was modified because of semantic differences in usage of the word, which is in some places synonymous with "library assistant." The resolution to take steps to improve the image of librarians was retained. It was resolved that ACURIL should broaden its affiliations with regional and international associations. A resolution called for an ACURIL-CAA joint regional com-

mittee on resources, to which all member institutions would be urged to submit detailed policy statements covering Caribbean materials. The committee was also directed to draw up general guidelines for coordinated but differentiated activities. CAA resolutions called for continued efforts to secure training facilities in the Caribbean for archivists of the former British territories, the participation of records managers in the CAA, the use of existing facilities for the repair and preservation of archival material for technical staff training, the sharing of governmental expertise in archives with non-governmental institutions holding archival collections needing professional attention, and the alertness of all archives departments of the various territories to the possibilities of support from metropolitan countries through development programs. Discussion on the joint regional committee on Caribbean collections promised that this would be an important area of inter-professional and international cooperation.

At the closing banquet, Maria Elena Arguello de Cardona presided over the ceremonies, introducing Gail Saunders, who spoke for the CAA in thanking Meritz Eustatia, Dr. Paula, Kenneth Ingram, and Christine Matthews for their part in the archival program. President Kenneth Ingram repeated his thanks to those who had served with him and handed over his gavel of office to Gustave A. Harrer, whom he identified as an "ebullient man." Dr. Harrer, calling attention to his sober attire for the solemn occasion, felt that there was now a greater community of feeling in ACURIL and that it had reached a significant level of maturity. Members of the Executive Council were introduced, including the newly elected members: Mariano Morales-Lebron, Edna Arivillaga de Elzategui, and Yvonne Stephenson. President Harrer announced that Rose Mesa, University of Florida, would serve as secretary and Joan Hayes, University of Puerto Rico, as treasurer during the coming year. He noted that ACURIL X would probably meet in the Bahamas in November 1978.

Ana Olivia Marin Gomez presented a farewell gift from the Executive Council to outgoing President Ingram. Maritza Eustatia expressed her pride in the historic joint meeting and introduced Lucille Haseth, who closed the occasion appropriately by reciting a poem to Curaçao, in the original Papiamentu and in English translation. *[Mary Ellis Kahler]*